

**Potential drugs targeting the SARS-coronavirus 2  
RNA Cap 2'-O-methyltransferase nsp16/nsp10 complex**

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**Supplementary Information (Tables S1-S9)**

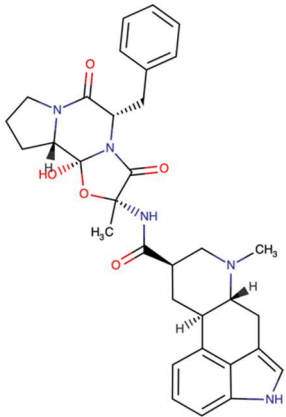
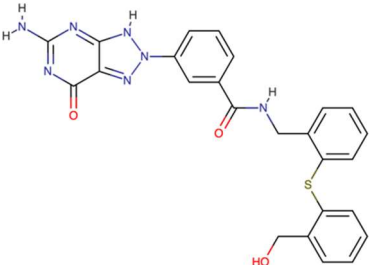
**Table S1. Binding energies and dissociation constants of top-scoring nsp16/nsp10-targeting candidates**

DB Code	Generic name	SAM-binding site	Nsp16/nsp10 interface	RNA-binding groove
		$\Delta G$ (kcal/mol)/ $K_D$ ( $\mu M$ )	$\Delta G$ (kcal/mol)/ $K_D$ ( $\mu M$ )	$\Delta G$ (kcal/mol)/ $K_D$ ( $\mu M$ )
DB00320	Dihydroergotamine	-10.8/0.0243		
DB03231	-	-10.3/0.0547		
DB06925	-	-10.3/0.0547		
DB08237	-	-10.3/0.0547		
DB11977	Golvatinib	-10.3/0.0547		
DB11986	Entrectinib	-10.3/0.0547		
DB12895	TD-139	-10.3/0.0547		
DB12899	TT-301	-10.3/0.0547		
DB13053	CP-195543	-10.3/0.0547		
DB14870	PF-5190457	-10.3/0.0547		
DB01897	-	-10.2/0.0643		
DB03571	-	-10.1/0.0757		
DB06638	Quarfloxin		-8.9/0.5309	
DB12799	Laniquidar		-8.9/0.5309	
DB06555	Siramesine		-8.5/1.0163	
DB05075	TG-100801		-8.4/1.1954	
DB13050	Tirilazad		-8.4/1.1954	
DB00872	Conivaptan		-8.4/1.1954	
DB14895	Vibegron		-8.4/1.1954	
DB06938	-		-8.3/1.4061	
DB11852	Tegobuvir		-8.2/1.654	
DB12341	Aticaprant		-8.2/1.654	
DB04289	Genz-10850		-8.2/1.654	

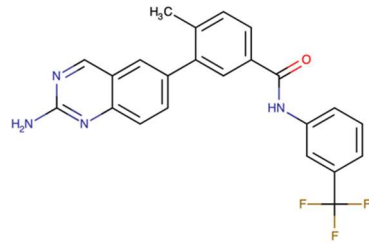
DB09143	Sonidegib		-8.1/1.9455	
DB04016	-			-9.8/0.1231
DB12457	Rimegepant			-9.7/0.1449
DB13109	PKI-179			-9.4/0.2358
DB01830	AP-22408			-9.4/0.2358
DB05678	SLx-4090			-9.3/0.2773
DB08233	-			-9.3/0.2773
DB08827	Lomitapide			-9.2/0.3262
DB03067	-			-9.2/0.3262
DB06896	-			-9.2/0.3262
DB15308	Ridinilazole			-9.1/0.3837
DB12154	Itacitinib			-9.1/0.3837
DB13042	Fenoverine			-9.0/0.4513
DB02449	-			-9.0/0.4513
DB15057	NUC-1031			-9.0/0.4513
DB12411	Bemcentinib	-10.9/0.0206	-8.5/1.0163	
DB05984	RAF-265	-10.2/0.0643	-8.3/1.4061	
DB01419	Antrafenine	-10.1/0.0757	-8.3/1.4061	
DB12012	PF-04457845	-10.4/0.0465		-9.1/0.3837
DB15382	SAR-125844		-8.2/1.654	-9.7/0.1449
DB12983	Phthalocyanine	-10.9/0.0206	-9.1/0.3837	-10.2/0.0643
DB12424	MK-3207	-10.9/0.0206	-8.5/1.0163	-9.7/0.1449
DB14773	Lifirafenib	-10.2/0.0643	-8.4/1.1954	-9.6/0.1704
DB11611	Lifitegrast	-10.3/0.0547	-8.3/1.4061	-9.0/0.4513

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Table S2. Drug candidates targeting the SAM-binding site of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex

Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
Dihydroergotamine	 <p>The chemical structure of Dihydroergotamine is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central ergoline core with a methyl group on the nitrogen atom. Attached to the core are a phenylethylamine side chain and a dihydroquinoline ring system. Stereochemistry is indicated with wedges and dashes.</p>	5-HT <sub>1Da</sub> 5-HT <sub>1Db</sub> receptors	Approved (migraine)
DB03231 (EXPT02670)	 <p>The chemical structure of DB03231 (EXPT02670) consists of a pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one core. This core is linked via a methylene group to a benzamide moiety. The benzamide is further substituted with a phenyl ring that has a hydroxymethyl group and a phenylsulfanyl group attached to it.</p>	Dihydroneopterin aldolase ( <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> )	Experimental

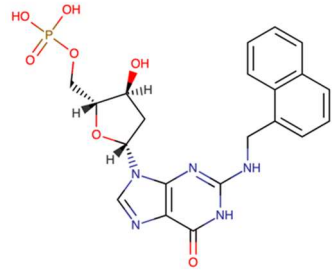
**DB06925**



Tyrosine-protein kinase Lck

Experimental

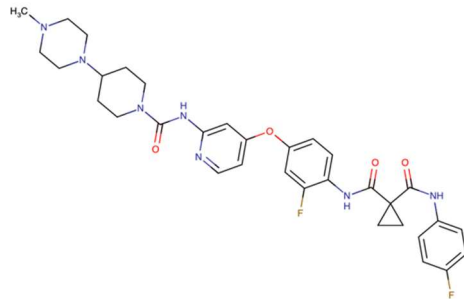
**DB08237**



DNA polymerase kappa

Experimental

**Golvatinib**

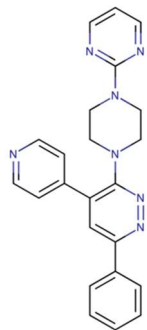


c-MET/VEGFR2

Investigational



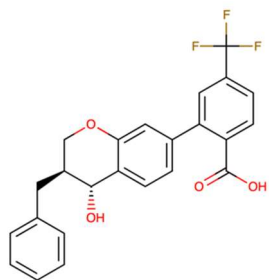
**TT-301**



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Investigational

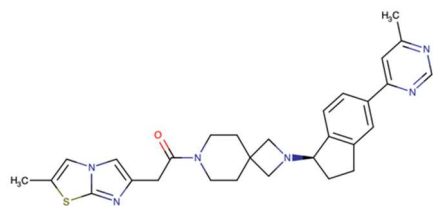
**CP-195543**



Leukotriene B4 receptor

Investigational

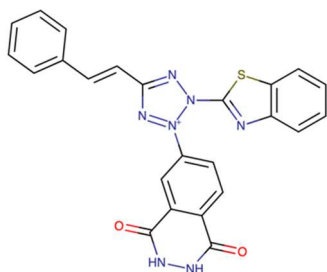
**PF-5190457**



GH secretagogue receptor  
(GHS-R1a)

Investigational

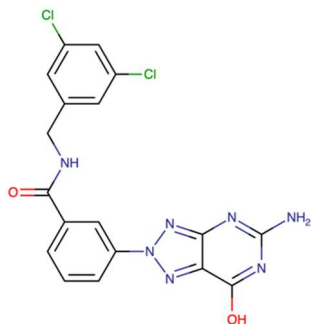
**DB01897**



Hematopoietic  
prostaglandin D synthase

Experimental

**DB03571  
(EXPT00198)**



Dihydroneopterin aldolase  
(*Staphylococcus aureus*)

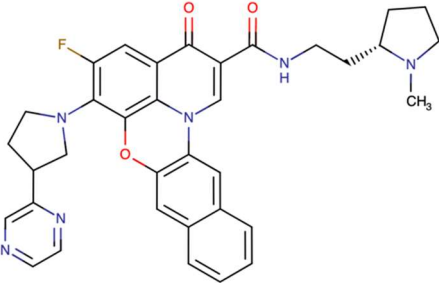
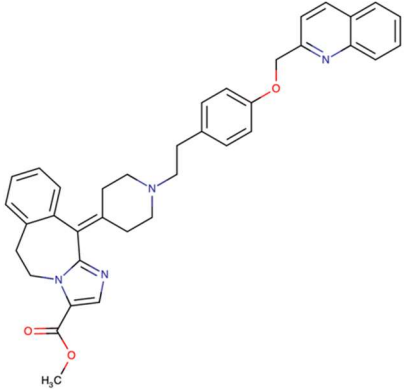
Experimental

Five of the predicted drugs were experimental ones, namely: DB03231 [3-(5-Amino-7-oxo-3,7-dihydro-2H-[1,2,3]triazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)-N-(2-[[2-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl]sulfanyl]benzyl)benzamide], DB06925 [3-(2-aminoquinazolin-6-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamine], and DB08237 [2'-deoxy-N-(naphthalen-1-ylmethyl)guanosine 5'-(dihydrogen phosphate)], DB01897 [2-(2f-benzothiazolyl)-5-styryl-3-(4f-phthalhydrazidyl)tetrazolium chloride], and DB03571 [3-(5-amino-7-hydroxy-[1,2,3]triazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)-N-(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)-benzamide]. DB03231 is an n-benzylbenzamide targeting the dehydroneopterin aldolase activity in *Staphylococcus aureus*. DB06925 is a benzalnilide targeting the Lck protein, an Src family tyrosine kinase playing a critical role in T cell maturation and activation. DB08237 is a purine 2'-deoxyribonucleoside monophosphate targeting the DNA polymerase kappa specifically involved in DNA repair. DB01897 is a phthalazinone targeting the hematopoietic prostaglandin D synthase, a bifunctional enzyme catalyzing both the conversion of PGH2 to PGD2 and the conjugation of glutathione with aryl halides and organic isothiocyanates. DB03571 is an n-benzylbenzamide dehydroneopterin targeting aldolase activity in *S. aureus*. Five of the predicted drugs were investigational ones, namely: DB11977 (golvatinib), DB12895 (TD-139), DB12899 (TT-301), DB13053 (CP-195543), and DB14870 (PF-5190457). Golvatinib (also known as E7050) is a diarylether that potently inhibits c-Met and VEGFR-2 tyrosine kinases that has been proposed as a lead compound for anti-hepatitis A drug development [1-3]. TD-139 is a disaccharide that has been investigated for the treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis [4-6]. TT-301 is a phenylpyridazine that has been used in trials studying the treatment of traumatic brain injury [7]. CP-195543 is a linear diarylheptanoid that potent and selectively inhibits leukotriene B4 (LTB4) receptor and has been used in trials studying the treatment of

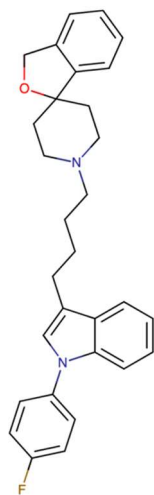


arthritis rheumatoid [8,9]. PF-5190457 is an orally bioavailable, potent, and selective GHS-R1a inverse agonist trialed to treat alcohol use disorder [10-12]. Two of the predicted compounds were FDA-approved drugs, namely: DB00320 (dihydroergotamine) and DB11986 (entrectinib). Dihydroergotamine is a 9,10 alpha-dihydro derivative of ergotamine that binds with high affinity to 5-HT<sub>1Da</sub> and 5-HT<sub>1Db</sub> receptors and has been used for the therapy of migraine disorders by non-oral routes including an approved nasal spray formulation [13-15]. Entrectinib is an FDA-approved phenylpiperazine that functions as a tropomyosin receptor tyrosine kinase (TRK) TRKA, TRKB, TRKC, proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase ROS1, and anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) inhibitor in the treatment of ROS1-positive metastatic non-small-cell lung cancer and NTRK gene fusion-positive solid tumors [16-18].

**Table S3. Drug candidates targeting the nsp16/nsp10 interface of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
<b>Quarfloxin</b>	 <p>The chemical structure of Quarfloxin is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central pyridone ring system. Attached to this system are a fluorine atom (F), a piperidine ring, a pyridine ring, a naphthalene ring system, and a side chain containing a carbonyl group (C=O) and a secondary amine (NH) linked to a piperidine ring with a methyl group (CH<sub>3</sub>).</p>	ribosomal RNA (rRNA) biogenesis	Investigational
<b>Laniquidar</b>	 <p>The chemical structure of Laniquidar is a complex polycyclic molecule. It features a central pyridone ring system. Attached to this system are a piperidine ring, a benzimidazole ring system, and a side chain containing a carbonyl group (C=O) linked to a methoxy group (H<sub>3</sub>C). The piperidine ring is further substituted with a benzimidazole ring system and a side chain containing a carbonyl group (C=O) linked to a methoxy group (H<sub>3</sub>C).</p>	Multidrug resistance protein 1	Investigational

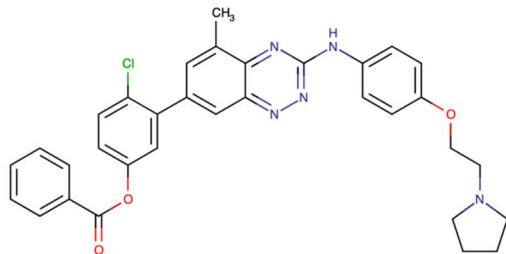
**Siramesine**



Sigma-2 receptor

Investigational

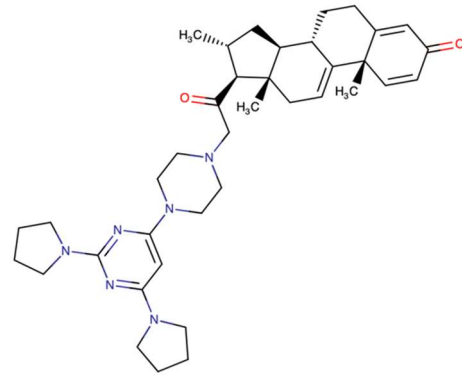
**TG-100801**



VEGFR<sub>1/2/3</sub>  
Tyrosine-protein kinase CSK

Investigational

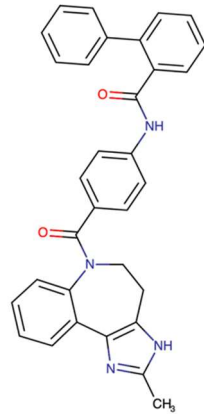
**Tirilazad**



Lipid peroxidation

Investigational

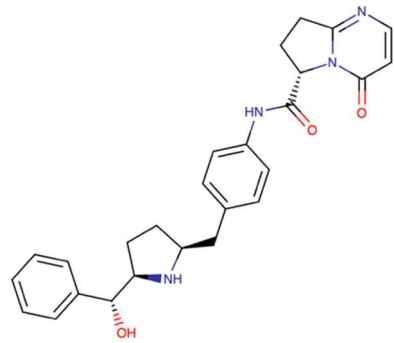
**Conivaptan**



Vasopressin receptor  
(V<sub>1a</sub> and V<sub>2</sub>)

Approved  
(Hyponatremia, syndrome of  
inappropriate antidiuretic hormone)

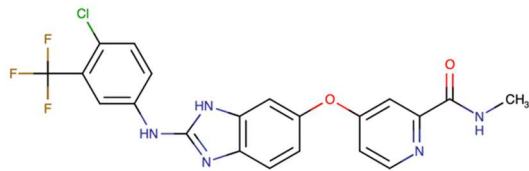
**Vibegron**



Beta 3 adrenergic receptor  
( $\beta$ 3AR)

Investigational

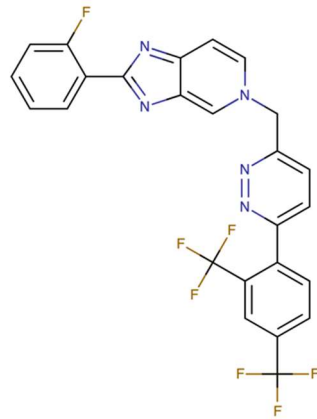
**DB06938**



VEGFR<sub>2</sub>

Experimental

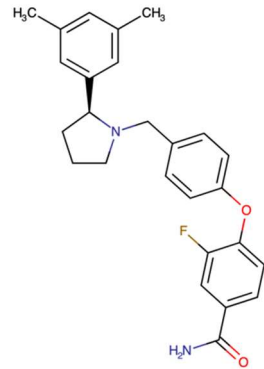
**Tegobuvir**



Hepatitis C Virus  
NS5B Polymerase

Investigational

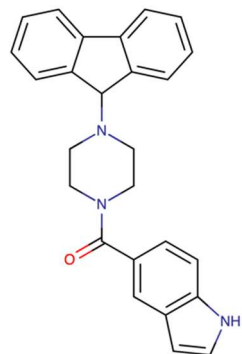
**Aticaprant**



$\kappa$ -opioid receptor (KOR)

Investigational

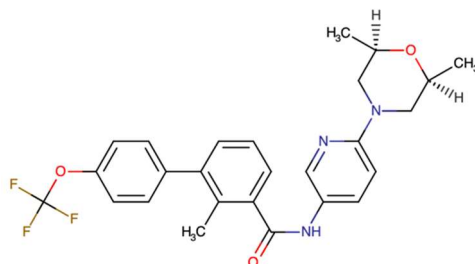
**Genz-10850**



Enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein]  
reductase (nadh) activity  
(*M. tuberculosis*)

Experimental

**Sonidegib**



Smoothened (SMO)

Approved  
(Basal cell carcinoma)

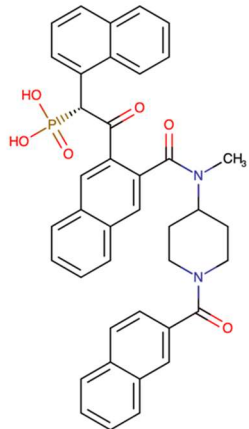
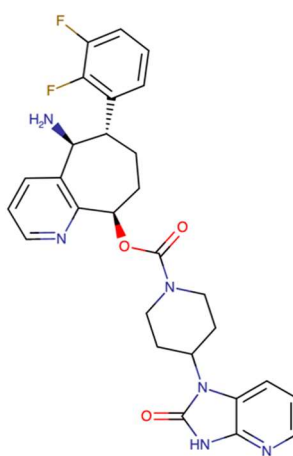
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Two of the predicted compounds were experimental drugs, namely: DB06938 [4-[[2-[[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]-3H-benzimidazol-5-yl]oxy]-N-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamide], and DB04289 (Genz-10850). DB06938 is a diarylether targeting vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 (VEGFR2). Genz-10850 is a fluorene targeting the enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase (nadh) activity of the mycobacterial type II fatty acid synthase (FAS-II) system [19,20]. Eight of the predicted compounds were investigational drugs, namely: DB06638 (quarfloxin, CX-3543), DB12799 (laniquidar), DB06555 (siramesine), DB05075 (TG-100801), DB13050 (tirilazad), DB14895 (vibegron), DB11852 (tegobuvir), and DB12341 (LY-2456302/Aticaprant). Quarfloxin is a phenoxazine that binds and stabilizes DNA G-quadruplex (G4) sequences and operates as a direct inhibitor of ribosomal RNA biogenesis [21-25]. Laniquidar is a benzazepine belonging to the 3<sup>rd</sup> generation of highly specific and potent P-glycoprotein inhibitors [26-28]. Siramesine is a phenylpyrrole that operates as a selective sigma-2 receptor agonist to induce lysosomal leakage, cytoprotective autophagosome accumulation, and ferroptosis [29-33]. TG-100801 is a depsidone that multitargets vascular endothelial growth factor receptor (VEGFR)/Src kinases-induced viral immunopathology [34,35]. Tirilazad is a nonglucocorticoid, 21-aminosteroid (lazaroid) that potently inhibits oxygen free radical-induced, iron-catalyzed, lipid peroxidation in stroke and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) [36,37]. Vibegron (RVT-901/MK-4618/KRP-114V) is a beta-3 adrenergic receptor beta 3 ( $\beta_3$ AR) agonist employed for the treatment of overactive bladder [38-40]. Tegobuvir is a non-nucleoside phenylpyridazine targeting the hepatitis C Virus RNA-dependent RNA NS5B polymerase [41-44]. LY-2456302/Aticaprant is a diphenylether

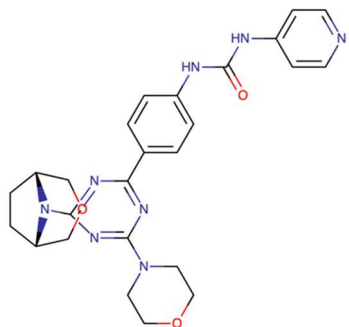
targeting the  $\kappa$ -opioid receptor (KOR) used as a candidate to treat major depressive disorder [45,46]. Two of the predicted compounds were FDA-approved drugs, namely: DB00872 (conivaptan) and DB09143 (sonidegib). Conivaptan is a benzalnilide targeting the vasopressin receptors V1a and V2 that has been approved for hyponatremia (low blood sodium levels) caused by syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) [47,48]. Sonidegib (also named Odomzo) is a biphenyl derivative that antagonizes smoothed (SMO) to block the hedgehog (Hh) pathway and has been approved by the FDA to treat basal cell carcinomas [49-51].



**Table S4. Drug candidates targeting the RNA-binding groove of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
DB04016	 <p>The chemical structure of DB04016 features a central benzene ring substituted with a naphthalen-1-ylmethyl group, a phosphonic acid group, a methylcarbamoyl group, and a piperidine ring. The piperidine ring is further substituted with a carbonyl group linked to another naphthalen-1-ylmethyl group.</p>	Cathepsin G	Experimental
Rimegepant	 <p>The chemical structure of Rimegepant consists of a central piperidine ring. It is substituted with a 2-amino-3-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridin-5-yl group, a 2-oxo-1H-indolizin-5-yl group, and a piperazine ring. The piperazine ring is further substituted with a 2-pyridinyl group.</p>	Calcitonin gene-related peptide type 1 receptor (CGRP receptor)	Approved (Migraine headache)

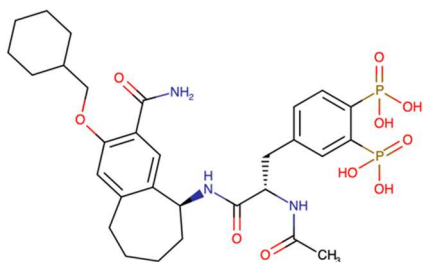
**PKI-179**



mTOR

Investigational

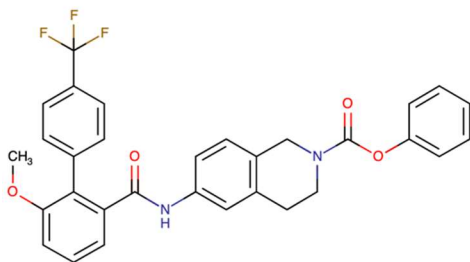
**AP-22408**



Tyrosine-protein kinase Lck

Experimental

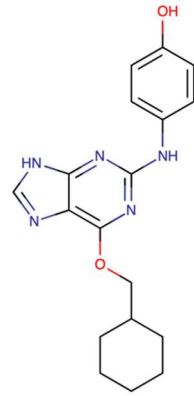
**SLx-4090**



Microsomal triglyceride  
transfer protein large subunit

Investigational

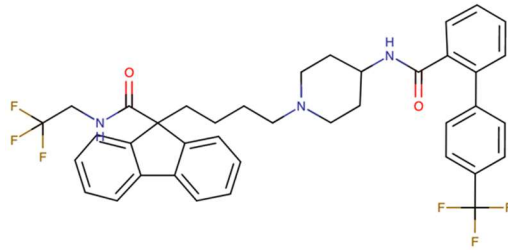
**DB08233**



Cyclin-A2  
Cyclin-dependent kinase 2

Experimental

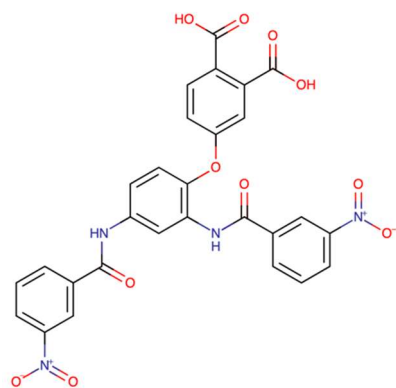
**Lomitapide**



Microsomal triglyceride  
transfer protein large subunit

Approved  
(homozygous familial  
hypercholesterolemia)

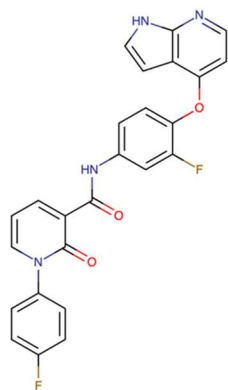
**DB03067**



Glycogen phosphorylase,  
muscle form

Experimental

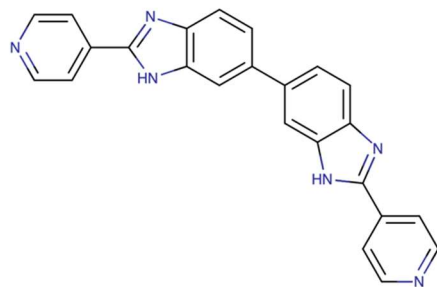
**DB06896**



c-MET

Experimental

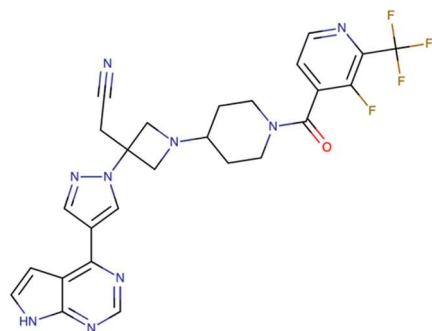
**Ridinilazole**



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Investigational

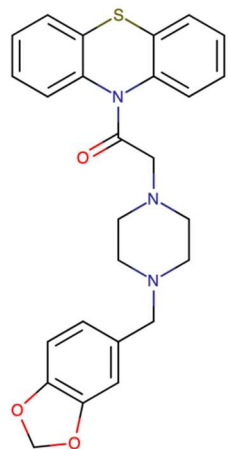
**Itacitinib**



JAK1

Investigational

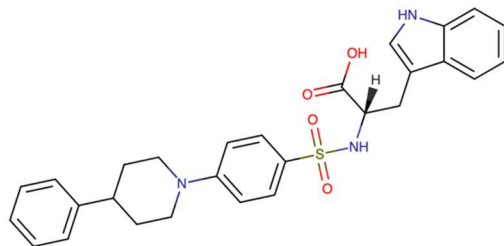
**Fenoverine**



Calcium ions  
(Ca<sup>2+</sup>) channels

Investigational

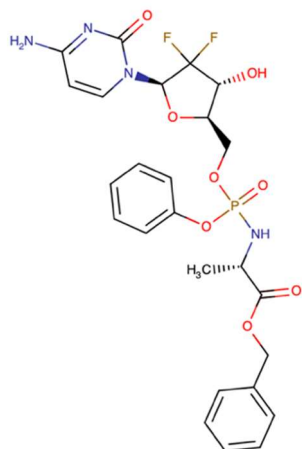
**DB02449**



Stromelysin-1

Experimental

**Acelarin  
(NUC-1031)**

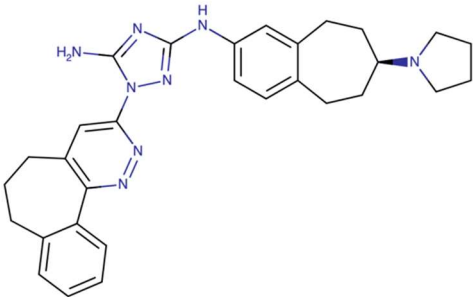
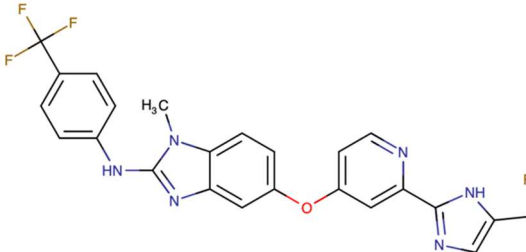


DNA

Investigational

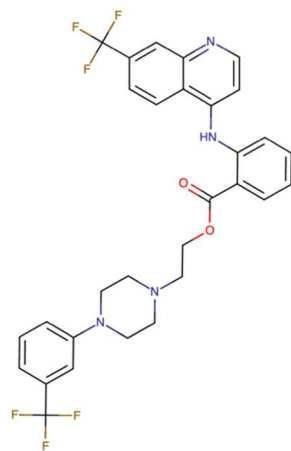
Six of the predicted compounds were experimental drugs, namely: DB04016 [2-[3-({methyl[1-(2-naphthoyl)piperidin-4-yl]amino}carbonyl)-2-naphthyl]-1-(1-naphthyl)-2-oxoethylphosphonic acid], DB01830 (AP-22408), DB08233 [6-cyclohexylmethoxy-2-(4'-hydroxyanilino)purine], DB03067 [4-{2,4-Bis[(3-Nitrobenzoyl)Amino]Phenoxy}Phthalic Acid], DB06896 [1-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[3-fluoro-4-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carboxamide], DB02449 [3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-[4-(4-phenyl-piperidin-1-yl)-benzenesulfonylamino]-propionic acid]. DB04016 is a stilbene targeting the serine-type endopeptidase activity of cathepsin G. AP-22408 is a phenylalanine derivative targeting the Sh2 domain of the tyrosine-protein kinase Lck [52,53]. DB08233 is a hypoxanthine targeting cyclin-A2 and cyclin-dependent kinase 2. DB03067 is a benzanilide targeting pyridoxal phosphate binding of the glycogen phosphorylase. DB06896 is an aromatic anilide targeting the c-MET/hepatocyte growth factor receptor. DB02449 is a phenylpiperidine targeting stromelysin-1 (MMP3). Six of the predicted compounds were investigational drugs, namely: DB13109 (PKI-179), DB05678 (SLx-4090), DB15308 (ridinilazole), DB12154 (itacitinib), DB13042 (fenoverine), and DB15057 (acelarín/NUC-1031). PKI-179 is a n-phenylurea that dually targets the phosphatidylinositol-3-kinase (PI3K)/mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) pathway [54,55]. SLx-4090 is a microsomal triglyceride transfer protein (MTTP) inhibitor potentially for the treatment of type 2 diabetes [56]. Ridinilazole is a targeted-spectrum antimicrobial that shows potential in treatment of *Clostridium difficile* infection [57,58]. Itacitinib is a pyridinecarboxylic acid derivative that functions as an oral, selective inhibitor of the Janus Kinase (JAK) family of protein tyrosine kinases (TYKs) with selectivity for JAK<sub>1</sub> in the treatment of inflammatory and neoplastic diseases [59,60]. Fenoverine is an old antispasmodic phenothiazine that inhibits calcium channel currents in smooth muscle cells [61]. Acelarin/NUC-1031, also known as fosgemcitabine palabemamide, is a pre-activated nucleotide analog (gemcitabine monophosphate) that incorporates a protective phosphoramidate moiety [62,63]. Two of the predicted compounds were FDA-approved drugs, namely: DB12457 (rimegepant) and DB08827 (lomitapide). Rimegepant is an imidazopyridine that functions as an oral antagonist of the CGRP receptor and has been approved for the acute treatment of migraine headache [64,65]. Lomitapide is a fluorene that directly inhibits microsomal triglyceride transfer protein (MTP) that has been approved as an orphan drug to reduce LDL cholesterol, total cholesterol, apolipoprotein B, and non-high-density lipoprotein (non-HDL) cholesterol in patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) [66,67].

**Table S5. Drug candidates targeting the SAM-binding site and nsp16/nsp10 interface of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

<b>Compound name</b>	<b>Compound structure</b>	<b>Human target</b>	<b>Drug status</b>
<b>Bemcentinib</b>	 <p>The chemical structure of Bemcentinib features a central 1,2,4-triazole ring. One nitrogen of the triazole is substituted with an amino group (H<sub>2</sub>N). The other nitrogen is linked to a benzimidazole system, which is further fused to a benzene ring. The third nitrogen of the triazole is connected to a 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline ring system, which is substituted with a pyrrolidine ring.</p>	AXL receptor tyrosine kinase	Investigational
<b>RAF-265</b>	 <p>The chemical structure of RAF-265 consists of a central benzimidazole core. One nitrogen of the benzimidazole is substituted with a methyl group (H<sub>3</sub>C). The other nitrogen is linked to a 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl group. The benzimidazole core is also connected via an ether linkage to a pyridine ring, which is further substituted with a 2-fluoropyrimidin-5-yl group.</p>	VEGFR2/BRAF	Investigational



**Antrafenine**



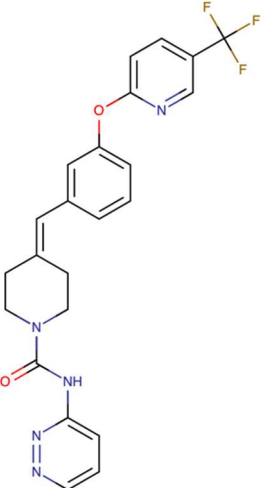
Prostaglandin G/H synthase

Approved  
(analgesic/anti-inflammatory)

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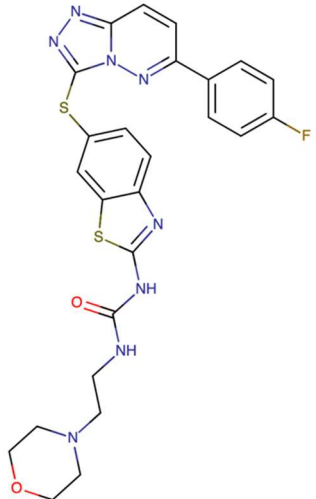
R-428 (BGB324, bemcentinib) is an aralkylamine that selectively and potentially inhibits AXL, a receptor tyrosine kinase implicated in epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT), inflammation, fibrosis, and is a key suppressor of innate immune response [68-72]. RAF-265 is a potent RAF/VEGFR2 inhibitor [73]. Antrafenine is a piperazine derivative drug that acts as an analgesic and anti-inflammatory drug with similar efficacy to naproxen via inhibition of cyclooxygenase activity [74].

**Table S6. Drug candidates targeting the SAM-binding site and RNA-binding groove of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
PF-04457845	 <p>The chemical structure of PF-04457845 consists of a central piperidine ring. The nitrogen atom of the piperidine ring is substituted with a carbonyl group (C=O) and an NH group. This NH group is further substituted with a 2-pyridinyl ring. The piperidine ring is also substituted at the 2-position with a methylene group (-CH2-), which is connected via a double bond to a para-substituted phenyl ring. This phenyl ring is further substituted at the para position with an oxygen atom, which is connected to another para-substituted phenyl ring. This second phenyl ring is substituted at the para position with a 4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl group.</p>	Fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH)	Investigational

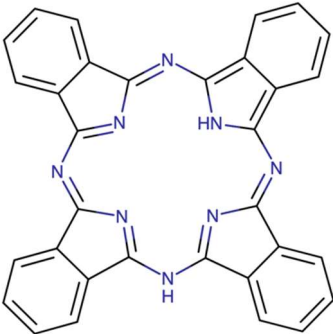
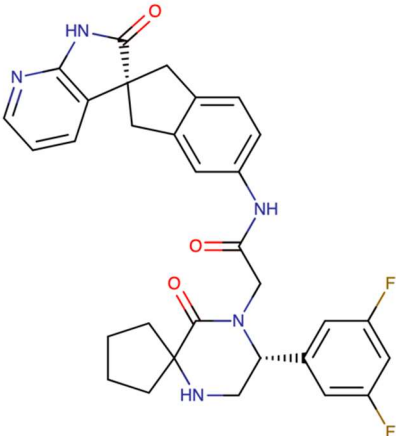
PF-04457845 is a diarylether that targets the fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) that has been investigated for the treatment of Tourette Syndrome and cannabis dependence and is under investigation in fear conditioning [75-77].

**Table S7. Drug candidates targeting the nsp16/nsp10 interface and RNA-binding groove of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

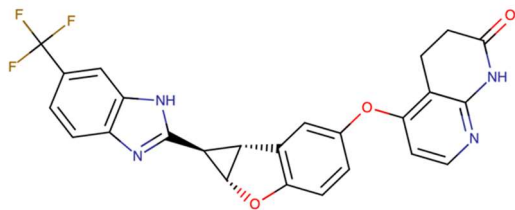
Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
<b>SAR-125844</b>	 <p>The chemical structure of SAR-125844 is a complex molecule. It features a central benzimidazole ring system. One of the benzimidazole nitrogens is substituted with a 4-fluorophenyl group. The other nitrogen is substituted with a sulfur atom, which is further linked to a benzimidazole ring. This second benzimidazole ring is substituted with a 4-(2-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)amino)ethylamino)phenyl group. The structure is drawn with various colors: blue for nitrogens, red for oxygen, and yellow for sulfur.</p>	MET receptor tyrosine kinase	Investigational

SAR-125844 is a potent intravenously active and highly selective MET tyrosine kinase inhibitor with potential antineoplastic activity [78].

**Table S8. Drug candidates targeting the SAM-binding site, nsp16/nsp10 interface, and RNA-binding groove of the nsp16/nsp10 protein complex**

Compound name	Compound structure	Human target	Drug status
Phthalocyanine		-	Investigational
MK-3207		Calcitonin gene-related peptide type 1 receptor (CGRP receptor)	Investigational

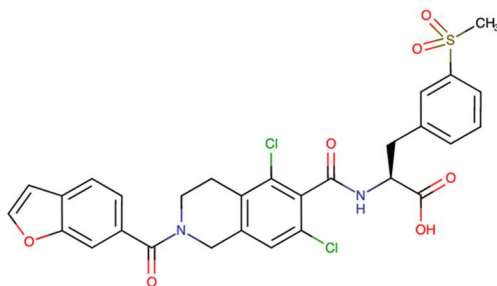
**Lifirafenib  
(BGB-283)**



RAF/EGFR

Investigational

**Lifitegrast**



Integrin alpha-L

Approved  
(keratoconjunctivitis sicca)

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Phthalocyanine is a cyclic tetrapyrrole that contains a phthalocyanine skeleton, which consists of four isoindole-type units, with the connecting carbon atoms in the macrocycle replaced by nitrogen. Metal derivatives of phthalocyanine have been studied for their photodynamic biocidal capacity against enveloped viruses [79-82]. MK-3207 is a potent and orally active CGRP receptor antagonists that has been used in trials studying the treatment of migraine and migraine disorders [83-85]. Lifirafenib (BGB-283) selectively binds to and inhibits the activity of wild-type BRAF and certain BRAF mutant forms, and EGFR [86]. Lifitegrast is a tetrahydroisoquinoline derivative that binds to the integrin lymphocyte function-associated antigen-1 (LFA-1), a cell surface protein found on leukocytes and blocks the

interaction of LFA-1 with its cognate ligand intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1). Lifitegrast is a FDA approved drug for the treatment of keratoconjunctivitis sicca (dry eye syndrome) [87-89].

**Table S9. Filtering of nsp16/nsp10-targeting candidate drugs based on MD simulations for drug-protein complexes**

Drug name	Score	Target site	MM PBSA (0-100 ns)	MM PBSA (last 30 ns)
DB06638/Quarfloxin	Weak	interface	9.102	9.568
DB06555/Siramesine	Strong	interface	39.69	48.014
DB05075/TG-100801	Strong	interface	61.668	69.891
DB13050/Tirilazad	Strong	interface	48.234	40.536
DB14895/Vibegron	Diminished	interface	-1.081	-5.227
DB05984/RAF-265	Diminished	interface	29.497	24.329
DB01419/Antrafenine	Strong	interface	40.95	44.568
DB12411/R-248/BGB-324	Strong	interface	24.997	27.923
DB12411/R-248/BGB-324	Diminished	SAM site	-3.615	4.448
DB11611/Lifitegrast	Diminished	interface	20.631	4.487
DB11611/Lifitegrast	Strong	SAM site	17.475	35.27
DB14773/Lifirafenib/BGB-283	Strong	interface	41.142	45.654
DB14773/Lifirafenib/BGB-283	Weak	RNA groove	7.821	13.649
DB00872/Conivaptan	Strong	interface	37.337	36.79
DB00872/Conivaptan	Diminished	RNA groove	7.314	17.604
DB12983/Phthalocyanine	Strong	interface	26.945	27.097
DB12983/Phthalocyanine	Weak	SAM site	9.904	14.088
DB12983/Phthalocyanine	Weak	RNA groove	0.823	7.984
DB12424/MK-3207	Strong	interface	30.874	20.984
DB12424/MK-3207	Weak	SAM site	17.778	26.56
DB12424/MK-3207	Diminished	RNA groove	5.05	13.097
DB00320/Dihydroergotamine	Weak	SAM site	7.543	12.095
DB12012/PF-04457845	Diminished	SAM site	24.106	31.865
DB03231	Weak	SAM site	1.923	11.759

DB06925	Weak	SAM site	6.514	10.686
DB08237	Diminished	SAM site	-42.994	-38.728
DB11977/Golvatinib	Diminished	SAM site	-5.329	6.381
DB11986/Entrectinib	Strong	SAM site	72.21	125.784
DB12895/TD-139	Diminished	SAM site	-16.553	-10.838
DB12899/TT-301	Diminished	SAM site	2.758	8.633
DB13053/CP-195543	Diminished	SAM site	18.46	20.945
DB14870/PF-5190457	Diminished	SAM site	28.169	80.869
DB14883/Lorecivivint	Diminished	RNA groove	46.902	21.97
DB13109/PKI-179	Diminished	RNA groove	12.456	17.272
DB11913/LY-2090314	Diminished	RNA groove	5.886	13.979
DB04016	Diminished	RNA groove	-24.172	-25.95
DB04739	Diminished	RNA groove	8.834	6.933
DB12154/Itacitinib	Strong	RNA groove	13.693	23.338
DB14859/Fosifloxouridine nafalbenamide	Diminished	RNA groove	-14.878	-17.657
DB06976	Strong	RNA groove	57.909	149.99
DB06844	Diminished	RNA groove	3,298	11,678
DB06938	Diminished	interface	18,613	10,329
DB11852/Tegobuvir	Strong	interface	55,989	56,05
DB12341/LY-2456302	Strong	interface	63.729	65.275
DB04289/Genz-10850	Strong	interface	27.67	28.451
DB09143/Sonidegib	Strong	interface	45.066	50.818
DB01897	Diminished	SAM site	24.505	28.252
DB03571	Strong	SAM site	16.184	23.292
DB12457/Rimegepant	Weak	RNA groove	5.958	18.991
DB01830/AP-22408	Diminished	RNA groove	-6.86	6.74
DB05678/SLx-4090	Diminished	RNA groove	17.443	9.449



DB08233	Diminished	RNA groove	12.558	19.145
DB08827/Lomitapide	Diminished	RNA groove	7.442	5.842
DB03067	Strong	RNA groove	72.626	72.934
DB15308/Ridinilazole	Strong	RNA groove	19.615	28.397
DB13042/Fenoverine	Diminished	RNA groove	6.763	16.032
DB02449 -9.0 kcal/mol	Strong	RNA groove	77.708	108.207
DB15057/Gemcitabine-phosphoramidate	Diminished	RNA groove	-15.739	3.958
DB05984/RAF-265	Diminished	SAM site	-3.582	-7.312
DB01419/Antrafenine	Strong	SAM site	83.067	162.432
DB15382/SAR-125844	Strong	interface	38.082	35.447
DB15382/SAR-125844	Weak	RNA groove	-0.584	12.192
DB12012/PF-04457845	Strong	RNA groove	30.717	68.413
DB14773/Lifirafenib/BGB-283	Weak	RNA groove	12.094	10.759
DB11611/Lifitegrast	Weak	RNA groove	12.339	19.104
DB11852/Tegobuvir	Strong	SAM site	34.551	44.181
DB11852/Tegobuvir	Diminished	RNA groove	25.524	30.613

**Table S10. Selection of nsp16/nsp10-targeting candidate drugs based on MD simulations for drug-protein complexes**

<b>Drug</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Target site</b>	<b>MM PBSA 0-100 ns (kcal/mol)</b>	<b>MM PBSA last 30 ns (kcal/mol)</b>
<b>DB01419/Antrafenine</b>	Strong	SAM-binding site	83.067	162.432
<b>DB11986/Entrectinib</b>	Strong	SAM-binding site	72.21	125.784
<b>DB02449</b>	Strong	RNA-binding groove	77.708	108.207
<b>DB03067</b>	Strong	RNA-binding groove	72.626	72.934
<b>DB12012/PF-04457845</b>	Strong	RNA-binding groove	30.717	68.413
<b>DB05075/TG-100801</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	61.668	69.891
<b>DB12341/Aticaprant</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	63.729	65.275
<b>DB11852/Tegobuvir</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	55.989	56.05
<b>DB09143/Sonidegib</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	45.066	50.818
<b>DB06555/Siramesine</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	39.69	48.014
<b>DB14773/Lifirafenib/BGB-283</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	41.142	45.654
<b>DB01419/Antrafenine</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	40.95	44.568
<b>DB13050/Tirilazad</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	48.234	40.536
<b>DB00872/Conivaptan</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	37.337	36.79
<b>DB15382/SAR-125844</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	38.082	35.447
<b>DB04289/Genz-10850</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	27.67	28.451
<b>DB12411/Bemcentinib</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	24.997	27.923
<b>DB12983/Phthalocyanine</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	26.945	27.097
<b>DB15308/Ridinilazole</b>	Strong	RNA-binding groove	19.615	28.397
<b>DB11611/Lifitegrast</b>	Strong	SAM-binding site	17.475	35.27
<b>DB12424/MK-3207</b>	Strong	nsp10-nsp16 interface	30.874	20.984
<b>DB12154/Itacitinib</b>	Strong	RNA-binding groove	13.693	23.338
DB06638/Quarfloxin	Weak	nsp10-nsp16 interface	9.102	9.568
DB11611/Lifitegrast	Weak	RNA-binding groove	12.339	19.104

DB12457/Rimegepant	Weak	RNA-binding groove	5.958	18.991
DB14773/Lifirafenib/BGB-283	Weak	RNA-binding groove	12.094	10.759
DB15382/SAR-125844	Weak	RNA-binding groove	-0.584	12.192
DB12983/Phthalocyanine	Weak	RNA-binding groove	0.823	7.984
DB12424/MK-3207	Weak	SAM-binding site	17.778	26.56
DB03571	Weak	SAM-binding site	16.184	23.292
DB12983/Phthalocyanine	Weak	SAM-binding site	9.904	14.088
DB00320/Dihydroergotamine	Weak	SAM-binding site	7.543	12.095
DB03231	Weak	SAM-binding site	1.923	11.759
DB06925	Weak	SAM-binding site	6.514	10.686

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